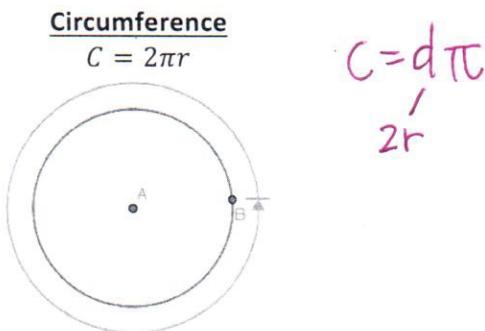
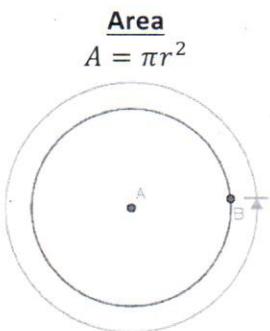
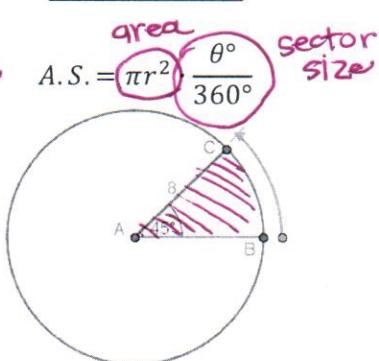


Objectives:

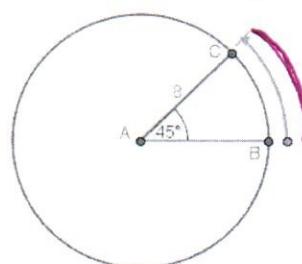
- Students will be able to calculate area, circumference, arc length, and area of a sector.

Vocabulary: $\pi \approx 3.14$ $r = \text{radius}$ 

$$C = d\pi / 2r$$

Area of a Sector $\theta = \text{angle}$ 

Arc Length
 $A.L. = 2\pi r \cdot \frac{\theta^\circ}{360^\circ}$ *circumference* *sector size*



θ° is the measure of the central angle that intercepts the arc.

theta

Example Set: Find the following first in terms of π , then rounded to the nearest tenth.

1) Area of $\odot A$ = πr^2

$$= \pi(4)^2 = [16\pi \text{ units}^2] \text{ OR } [50.3 \text{ units}^2]$$

2) Circumference of $\odot A$ = $2\pi r$ OR $2r\pi$

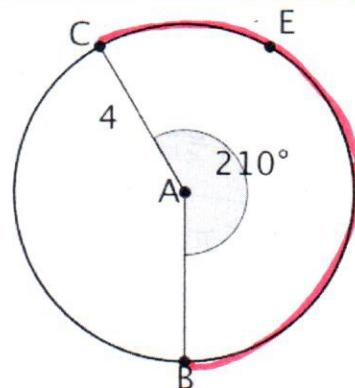
$$= 2(4)\pi = [8\pi \text{ units}] \text{ OR } [25.1 \text{ units}]$$

3) Length of \overarc{BEC} = $2\pi r \cdot \frac{\theta^\circ}{360^\circ}$

$$= (2)\pi(4) \left(\frac{210}{360}\right) = [4.7\pi \text{ OR } 14.7 \text{ units}]$$

4) Area of sector BEC = $\pi r^2 \cdot \frac{\theta^\circ}{360^\circ}$

$$= \pi(4)^2 \left(\frac{210}{360}\right) = [9.3\pi \text{ OR } 29.3 \text{ Units}^2]$$



\overline{AC} is a radius

Formulas

Area

$$A = \pi r^2$$

Circumference

$$C = 2\pi r$$

Arc Length

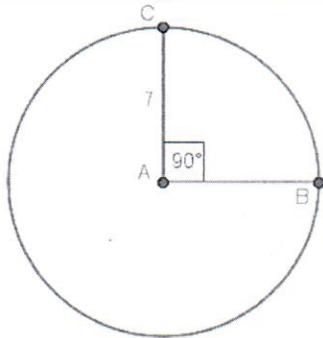
$$A.L. = 2\pi r \cdot \frac{\theta^\circ}{360^\circ}$$

Area of a Sector

$$A.S. = \pi r^2 \cdot \frac{\theta^\circ}{360^\circ}$$

In Class Practice

Find the indicated arc length and the area of the sector in terms of π , then approximate answers to the nearest tenth.



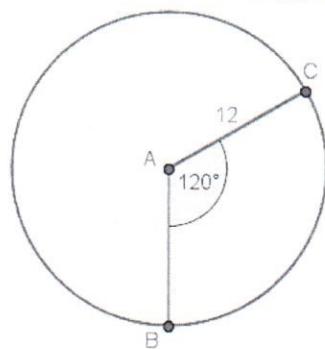
1) Length of $\widehat{BC} =$

$$AL = 2\pi r \cdot \frac{\theta}{360}$$

$$= 2\pi(7) \left(\frac{90}{360}\right)$$

3.5 π
units

OR 11.0
units



3) Length of $\widehat{CB} =$

$$= 2\pi r \left(\frac{\theta}{360}\right)$$

$$= 2\pi(12) \left(\frac{120}{360}\right)$$

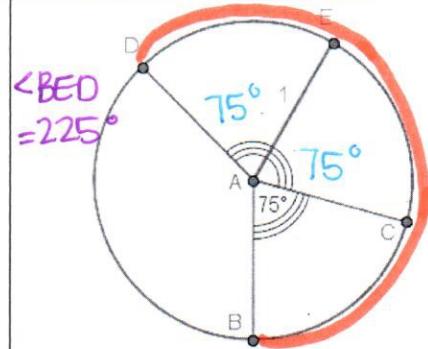
8 π OR 25.1
units

2) Area of sector $BC =$

$$AS = \pi r^2 \cdot \frac{\theta}{360}$$

$$= \pi(7)^2 \left(\frac{90}{360}\right)$$

12.25 π OR 38.5
units²



5) Length of $\widehat{BED} =$

$$2\pi r \cdot \frac{\theta}{360}$$

$$= 2\pi(1) \left(\frac{225}{360}\right)$$

1.25 π OR 3.9
units

4) Area of sector $CB =$

$$= \pi r^2 \left(\frac{\theta}{360}\right)$$

$$= \pi(12)^2 \left(\frac{120}{360}\right)$$

48 π OR 150.8
units²

6) Area of sector $BED =$

$$\pi r^2 \cdot \frac{\theta}{360}$$

$$\pi(1)^2 \left(\frac{225}{360}\right)$$

0.625 π OR 2.0
units²